

Genghis Khan

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Summary

This book is about the life and accomplishments of Genghis Khan.

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Before Reading

Think Ahead

Look at the pictures and answer the questions.



cavalry



rival

surrender

warrior



horseback

1. What is another name for a soldier? _____
2. What is it called when someone stops fighting and admits defeat? _____
3. Besides walking, how did warriors used to get around? _____
4. What is a group of warriors who fight on horseback called? _____

Vocabulary

A Read and match.

1.



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• a. tribe

2.



•

• b. bottleneck

3.



•

• c. poverty

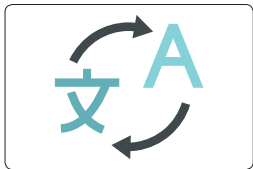
4.



•

• d. translate

5.



•

• e. wrestling

6.



•

• f. merchant

7.



•

• g. infantry

8.



•

• h. Mongolia

B Write the word for each definition.

blood clot	valuable	tumen	ambassador	folklore
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- _____ a person who officially represents his or her country in a different country
- _____ worth a lot of money
- _____ a thick mass of blood
- _____ the traditional stories and culture of a group of people
- _____ a group of 10,000 Mongolian soldiers

C Choose the word that means about the same as the underlined words.

- The skilled army caught the enemy's leader.
 - conquered
 - captured
 - abandoned
 - translated
- The region's leader approved the new law.
 - ambassador
 - warrior
 - rival
 - governor
- The group of people worked together to gather food for the winter.
 - clan
 - folklore
 - merchant
 - infantry
- The warriors left their position and ran away in fear.
 - conquered
 - abandoned
 - continued
 - forgot

Comprehension

A Match the pictures with the correct sentences.

- a. The Mongols gave him the name Genghis Khan, and he became the most famous Mongolian ever.
- b. Mongolian warriors were skilled both on the horse and with a bow and arrow.
- c. Genghis Khan and his men burned the area outside the wall and then surrounded the wall.



1. _____



2. _____



3. _____

B Choose the best answer.

1. What did the blood clot in Genghis Khan's hand mean?
 - a. He would be a sickly child.
 - b. He would be a leader.
 - c. He would not be able to write.
 - d. He would kill many people.
2. What gave Genghis Khan's army the advantage against the Jin army in the Battle of Badger Mouth Pass?
 - a. Genghis Khan's army had better weapons.
 - b. Genghis Khan's army was much bigger.
 - c. Genghis Khan's army was braver.
 - d. Genghis Khan's army held a better position.
3. Why didn't Genghis Khan attack Beijing the first time?
 - a. His men were tired.
 - b. The wall was too high.
 - c. The new leader gave him valuable gifts.
 - d. All of the above

C Choose the correct phrase for each picture. One (1) choice will not be used.

- a. A soldier surrenders to the enemy
- b. A view of Beijing as it is today
- c. A statue of the famous leader Genghis Khan
- d. A traditional Mongolian house
- e. Statues of the warriors of Genghis Khan



1. _____



2. _____



3. _____



4. _____

D Read each sentence. Write “T” if it is true or “F” if it is false.

1. _____ Temujin’s father was killed when he was a young boy.
2. _____ Temujin was a skilled wrestler.
3. _____ Temujin and Genghis Khan were actually different people.
4. _____ Muhammed was Genghis Khan’s best friend.
5. _____ The Mongol Empire grew and fell under Genghis Khan.

E Complete the sentences with the correct words.

1. Genghis Khan was a _____ warrior and leader.
Jin Mongolian
2. The common people of the lands that Genghis Khan _____ could join him or die.
conquered abandoned
3. The Mongolian army's strength was its _____.
infantry cavalry
4. Gold and silver were _____ gifts at that time.
valuable rival
5. Genghis Khan was well-protected and had an extensive _____ network.
tumen spy

F Number the events in order from 1=first to 5=last.

- a. _____ Temujin's wife is taken by a rival clan.
- b. _____ Genghis Khan and his army devastate Beijing and take all the city's treasure.
- c. _____ Temujin's name is changed to Genghis Khan.
- d. _____ Temujin is born with a blood clot in his hand.
- e. _____ Genghis Khan's sons and grandsons conquer more people and lands.

Think About It

A Look in the reader to write the answers to the following 5-W questions.

Who?	What?	When?	Where?	Why?
Genghis Khan's name means _____.	Genghis Khan conquered much of _____ until his death in 1227.	Temujin was born in about _____ as son of a chief.	The battle at _____ was an important victory for Genghis Khan and his men against the Jin people who controlled China.	Genghis Khan's army could suddenly appear and _____ quickly because he trained his horses daily and his men practiced for battle often.

B Complete the sentences below with your own ideas.

From this book, I learned _____

_____.

Before I read this book, I knew _____

_____.

Now I also know _____

_____.